

## ALGEBRAIC PROOF

to review the properties of equality and use them to write algebraic proofs
to identify properties of equality and congruence


## Properties of

## Addition Property

Subtraction Property
Multiplication Property
Division Property
Reflexive Property
Symmetric Property
Transitive Property
Substitution Property

## Equality:

If $a=b$, then $a+c=b+c$
If $a=b$, then $a-c=b-c$
If $a=b$, then $a \cdot c=b \cdot c$
If $a=b$, then $a \div c=b \div c$
$a=a$
If $a=b$, then $b=a$
If $a=b$ and $b=c$ then $a=c$
If $a=b$, then $b$ can be substituted for a in any expression

## KIEY CONCEPTS

| The | Property: |
| :--- | :--- |
| Distributive | $a(b+c)=a b+a c$ |
| Sum: | $a(b-c)=a b-a c$ |
| Difference: | $a(b-c \mid$ |

## Properties of <br> Congruence:

Reflexive Property $\overline{A B} \cong \overline{A B} ; \angle A \cong \angle A$
Symmetric Property

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { If } \overline{A B} \cong \overline{C D} \text {, then } \overline{C D} \cong \overline{A B} \\
& \text { If } \angle A \cong \angle B, \text { then } \angle B \cong \angle A
\end{aligned}
$$

Transitive Property


Solve each equation. Write a justification for each step.
2. $6 r-3=-2(r+1)$

$$
\begin{aligned}
6 r-3 & =-2(r+1) & & \text { Given } \\
6 r-3 & =-2 r-2 & & \text { Distrib. Prop. } \\
8 r-3 & =-2 & & \text { Add. Prop. of }= \\
8 r & =1 & & \text { Add. Prop. of }= \\
r & =\frac{1}{8} & & \text { Div. Prop. of }=
\end{aligned}
$$

Write a justification for each step to solve for $x$.


$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{m} \angle A B C & =\mathrm{m} \angle A B D+\mathrm{m} \angle D B C & & \angle \text { Add. Post. } \\
8 x^{\circ} & =(3 x+5)^{\circ}+(6 x-16)^{\circ} & & \text { subst. Prop. of Equality } \\
8 x & =9 x-11 & & \text { CLT/Dist. Prop. /Simplify } \\
-x & =-11 & & \text { subtr. Prop. of Equality. } \\
x & =11 & & \text { Div. Prop. of Equality. }
\end{aligned}
$$

1. Identify the property that justifies the statement:

## $\angle D E F \cong \angle D E F$

2. Solve the equation. Write a justification for each step. $3(m+4)=-m$
3. Write a justification for each step.


$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{m} \angle X Y Z & =\mathrm{m} \angle 2+\mathrm{m} \angle 3 \\
4 n-6 & =58+(2 n-12) \\
4 n-6 & =2 n+46 \\
2 n-6 & =46 \\
2 n & =52 \\
n & =26
\end{aligned}
$$



1. Identify the property that justifies the statement: $\angle D E F \cong \angle D E F \quad$ Reflexive Property of Congruence
2. Solve the equation. Write a justification for each

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { step. } 3(m+4)=-m \\
3 m+12=-m \\
3 m=-m-12 \\
4 m=-12
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
m=-3 \quad \text { division property of }=
$$

3. Write a justification for each step.

```
m}\angleXYZ=m\angle2+m\angle
    4n-6=58+(2n-12)
    4n-6=2n+46
    2n-6 = 46
        2n=52
    n=26
```

Angle addition postulate Substitution Property CLT
Subtraction Property of = Addition Property of = Division Property of =


There are reasons or justifications for every statement made in Algebra and Geometry - We use these reasons to logically proceed from one statement to the next


- Got It: Solves and justifies equations
- Almost There: Fills in the blanks for an algebraic proof
- Moving Forward: Identifies the justification for writing own equations
- Getting Started: Identifies the justification for algebraic operations

- Pages 108-109: 16; 22-34 even; 40, 42

